

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY WASHINGTON DC 20310

INFO MEMO

December 22, 2004, 1:00 p.m.

FROM: Peter J. Schoomaker, General, Chief of Staff/Army.

THRU: Richard B. Myers, General, Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff

SUBJECT: Peter Brown Article, "Need Armor Fast?"

- The **Army** considers all **known** foreign and domestic sources in satisfying materiel solutions for needed capabilities. To date, we have not found a better alternative than the M1114 Up-Armored HMMWV (UAH) and Armored Security Vehicle (ASV) for the Convoy Protection Platform (CPP) and other selected roles.
- The following vehicles have been/are being considered by the Army for their related mission essential roles:
 - o Casspir, RG-31, and Meerkat; South Africa. Procured for current operations.
 - o Cougar and Buffalo; Canada. Procured for current operations.
 - o Cobra; Turkey. Evaluated, but not used.
 - o VBL; France. Evaluated, but not used.
 - o Dingo, Mungo and Husky; Germany. Husky procured for current operations. Information requested on Dingo and Mungo manufacturers.
- Limited information is available on the JGSDF (Japanese Ground Self Defense Force) Light Armored Vehicle (LAV) produced by Komatsu Ltd. The JGSDF LAV is in the early stages of production and its characteristics are unknown. The Army will continue to pursue contacting Komatsu to properly assess the vehicle's capabilities.
- PM Tactical Vehicles published an armor sources sought in the FedBizOps on October 1.2003...
- Since October 2003, the **Army** has tested 207 different armor solutions from 40 vendors. The Army evaluated and is producing 12 add-on-armor (AoA) kits for our Light, Medium, and Heavy truck fleet. The 12kits are in production at six depots and



five corporate locations. As of December 15, 2004 we have produced 13,845 kits. In addition, the Army projected production of 8,105 UAH vehicles by April 2005 with the current production rate of 450 per month. The recent modification to accelerate production to 550 per month provides additional UAH vehicles beginning in March.

- In addition to armoring solutions, the Army continues to modify tactics, techniques, and procedures to preclude Improvised Explosive Device (IED) attacks.
- Additional information regarding the other vehicles procured and those evaluated but not procured is provided as follows:
 - o Casspir, **RG-31**, and Meerkat; South Africa. One Casspir and one **RG-31** have been purchased and **are** being evaluated by the Army's Rapid Equipping Force (REF). PM Close Combat Systems (PM CCS) is purchasing **148** RG-31s as a medium mine protected vehicle. There are 2 in Iraq, **5** in Afghanistan and **141** systems yet to be produced. PM CCS is purchasing **39** Meerkat vehicles as the Interim Vehicle Mounted Mine Detector (IVMMD). There are 6 in Iraq, **3** in Afghanistan and **30** systems yet to be produced.
 - o Cougar and Buffalo; Canada. The USMC purchased **16** Cougars. The PM CCS is purchasing **46** of the Buffalo **as** the Ground **Standoff** Mine Detection System **(GSTAMIDS**Block 0). There are 11 in Iraq, 3 in **Afghanistan** and 32 systems yet to be produced.
 - o Cobra; Turkey. The Cobra was formally evaluated for Special Operations. The vehicle did not meet payload and survivability requirements and was not purchased.
 - o VBL; France. The Army evaluated the VBL. The VBL was similar to the HMMWV. The VBL was evaluated but due to human factor issues was not considered for additional analysis.
- Dingo, and Mungo; Germany. The Army has contacted the Dingo and Mungo producers and requested information on these products. Textron, under license from KWI, is going to produce a Ding02 that they would like the U.S.Army to consider. However, Textron does not yet have the production line up and running. The Mungo is a light armored airborne vehicle that would require additional armor protection for US Army application.

COORDINATION: None

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CF: Secretary of the Army

